



Government
of South Australia

Department of the
Premier and Cabinet

Anangu Pitjantjatjara Yankunytjatjara Bulletin July 2009

Topic: Building and Demolition Waste

The purpose of this publication is to provide Anangu Pitjantjatjara Yankunytjatjara, Community Councils, local businesses, service providers and contractors with information on current South Australian

Government Partnership:

The South Australian Department of the Premier and Cabinet, Aboriginal Affairs and Reconciliation Division (DPC-AARD), Zero Waste SA, Anangu Pitjantjatjara Yankunytjatjara (APY) and the Australian Government are working together to provide communities in the Anangu Pitjantjatjara Yankunytjatjara (APY) Lands with better waste management infrastructure and service delivery.

Current Initiatives:

Demolition – Deposition

Materials can make up to 40% of the waste generated in Australia per year. It makes good environmental sense to minimise waste going to landfill by using the principals of avoidance, reduce, reuse and recycle.

This approach for the building & demolition waste has been included within a draft *Waste Priorities and Implementation Management Plan*. The plan is expected to be finalised in early 2010.

The completion of the Plan is dependent on the completion of a number of waste management trials during 2009. As a general principle, building, demolition and other wastes should be placed in separate designated areas of the Landfill site. (i.e. not into trenches that are for non recyclable waste.)

Example of Best Practice - Separation of Waste for Recycling



Current Practice



See next page for more details

An initiative of the following agencies:

Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Aboriginal Affairs and Reconciliation Division
Level 13, 200 Victoria Square, Adelaide SA 5000
Phone: (08) 8226 8900, Fax: (08) 8226 8999

Zero Waste SA
Level 8, 99 Gawler Place, Adelaide SA 5000
Phone: (08) 8204 2051, Fax: (08) 8204 1911

Waste Management requirements on the APY Lands

1. Recycling

Building and Demolition waste should be separated and recycled as much as possible. The demolition of the building should involve deconstruction of the building to separate and recycle materials.

The following provides a general guide for waste minimisation:

Masonry, concrete	reuse in driveways, slabs.
Timber	reuse for furniture and fencing or firewood.
Glass	recycle as crushed glass.
Metals	reuse or recycle structural steel, roofing, and piping.
Plastics	recycle where appropriate.
Paper, cardboard	recycle.
Bottles, cans	return to deposit and to <i>StateWide Recycling</i> .

2. Deposition at the landfill or waste depot for building and demolition waste

Contractors and other waste depot users have responsibility to place wastes in designated areas of the landfill/ waste depot. Areas within the depot shall be set aside for the deposition of:

- Scrap metal
- Masonry and concrete
- Timber materials
- Garden and vegetative waste
- Metal Drums
- Plastic chemical containers.
- Plastics containers (non-chemical)

Enquiries regarding deposition at the waste depot should be initially directed to the local Aboriginal community municipal or essential services reporting officer.

3. Fact Sheets and other information

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):

- Community consultation
- Wastes containing asbestos
Web address: www.epa.sa.gov.au

KESAB:

- Construction and Demolition Materials
Web address: www.kesab.asn.au

Zero Waste SA and DPC-AARD are developing a *Regional Waste Management and Implementation Plan* for the APY Lands, which includes waste minimisation initiatives for recycling of building materials.

Current Practice



Example of Best Practice - Separation of Waste for Recycling

